THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. II.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Monday Morning, October 31, 1864. [No. 102.

The Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) AT

CAMP DOUGLAS, U. T.,

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,

—OF THE—

California and Nevada Volunteers.

Terms of Subscription; Invariably in Advance

One copy one year	$16 00
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☞ SPECIAL NOTICES charged for at the rate of fifty cents a line, each insertion.

☞ MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, and DEATHS are published in this paper free of charge.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ L. W. A. COLE, is our authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse Main Street, will be promptly attended to.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

CORNER MAIN AND WALL STS.,

IDAHO CITY.

T. GATES, Proprietor.

THIS House, under the supervision of the present proprietor, has been commodiously fitted up with Lodging Rooms for single persons and families.

The Ice Cream Saloon on the first floor has been changed into an Oyster Saloon, and the former patrons and traveling public are heartily welcome to our tables. sep17-3mp

IOWA HOUSE,

MAIN STREET,

BOISE CITY, IDAHO TERRITOY,

Formerly known as the Planter's House.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that they have purchased this new and commodious House and stabling, and are now enlarging and improving, hoping to make it equal to any in the city.

Hay and Grain fed at our stables; also, Stock ranched on reasonable terms. Give us a trial.

☞ The Overland Stages arrive and depart from this House. sp17-3mp P. SMITH & CO.

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

COR. OF IDAHO & JACKSON STS.,

Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

JOHN H. SHOOT, Proprietor.

(Successor to Wm. Sloan.)

This House is now open for the accommodation of the public, with good rooms, and table supplied with the best the market affords.

sep3-3m

GOODRICH HOUSE,

Bannack City.....Montana Territory.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of the Public, with

Good Beds, and Tables

That will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

Good Corral and Stables near the premises.

my16m6 W. C. GOODRICH.

IDAHO HOUSE,

CORNER OF WALLACE & JACKSON ST'S,

Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

THE undersigned has opened the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate all who may give him a call. Prices to suit the times.

J. M. CASTNER, Proprietor.

aug24-tf

L. P. FISHER,

NO. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

J. M. SIMMONS,

Assistant Assessor Internal Revenue, First Division, District of Utah.

Residence: Two doors east of the Theatre, opposite City Hall, Salt Lake City. s20tf

T. D. BROWN & SON,

Provision Store,

EXPRESS & EXCHANGE OFFICE.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

AUSTIN M. CLARK. | JOHN W. KERR. | M. E. CLARK.

CLARK & CO.,

BANKERS,

East Temple st., (Salt Lake House,) G. S. L. City.

Exchange Sold on all parts of the United States and Europe. s26tf

SALT LAKE HOUSE,

F. LITTLE.....Proprietor.

East Temple Street, Salt Lake City. s26tf

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Ready Made Clothing.

o3tf Main Street, Salt Lake City

GILBERT & SONS.

Dealers in

Groceries, Hardware, Clothing etc.

o3tf Main St., next to Salt Lake House.

Notice.

Having been appointed by His Excellency, the Governor of California, a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of California, I am prepared to enter upon the duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Great Salt Lake City.

Deeds, Transfers, Powers of Attorney, and all other legal papers made out on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

Acknowledgments taken for any part of the United States. apr9-tf PATRICK LYNCH.

JAMES LINFORTH,

Commission Merchant,

208 BATTERY STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
" " " Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. jy2tf

S. J. LEES'

Provision Store,

on Main Street,

Great Salt Lake City, U. T.

Miners' and Traders' Outfitting Establishment. jy29-tf

PHŒNIX SALOON,

First South Temple Street, Salt Lake City.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

Constantly on hand.

s20tf RILEY & SHEPPARD, Prop'rs.

GEM SALOON.

In the rear of Brown's Store, Main St.,

BY SEWELL & GREEN.

If you want good and pure liquors, call at the Gem Saloon.

If you want a good cigar, call at the Gem Saloon.

If you want to rest and read the latest newspapers, call at the Gem. sp24-1mp

GREENBACK EXCHANGE.

P. ARNOLD & CO.

The best Wines and Liquors in the market always on hand.

Bottled Wines and Bitters.

A polite and accommodating Bar-keeper in attendance. Call and see. s30-1m

UNION SALOON,

Groesbeck's Building, Third door from East Temple Street.

—BY—

MOORE & EWING.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS s19tf

ASSAY OFFICE

—OF—

Dr. C. H. Congar,

Mansion House, Great Salt Lake City.

Gold and Silver Bullion and ores of every description carefully assayed, and the correctness of all assays guaranteed. o7-1mp5tf

AUSTIN M. CLARK, J. W. KERR, MILTON E. CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN,

GOLD DUST

and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with the Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. jy1tf

Thos. B. Pearce,

Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist,

East Temple street, five doors south of Post Office, Great Salt Lake City. o6tf

J. P. TIERNAN, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Salt Lake House. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. and from 4 to 9 P. M. o3tf

JAS. W. STEVENS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. Office on 1st East Temple street, opposite Seventy's Hall. oct11-tf

CALIFORNIA HOTEL!

HUGILHOPPIE, Proprietor,

State Street, Salt Lake City. o14-tf

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

$4 per ton.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this mine at the above rate.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLETON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864 apr6tf

C. CLIVE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

MAIN ST., OPPOSITE THE TOWN CLOCK, G. S. L. CITY.

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms. my7tf

FOR SALE!

GUNNY SACKS, EMPTY BARRELS, AND PACKING BOXES, of all sizes, for sale at the Subsistence Warehouse, Great Salt Lake City. oct11tf

HO! FOR THE MINES!!

—THE—

RUSH VALLEY EXPRESS CO.

Having Established a

Semi-Weekly Line of Stages,

The public can now have an opportunity to visit

THE SILVER MINES

—OF—

Rush Valley.

Stages leave the Mansion House, Salt Lake City

Tuesday and Friday mornings,

At 7 o'clock; returning

Mondays and Thursdays.

GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS.

Time—Eight Hours.

Fare: $5.00 each way.

Packages carried, and other business attended to with promptness and care.

SHAW BRO. & CO.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 8, '64. 3s1tf

MANSION HOUSE,

Corner Emigration street and State Road,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

The undersigned having taken this large and commodious Motel, respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

Excellent sleeping accommodations, and the table provided with the best the market affords.

Good corral and stabling on the premises.

sp23tf JOHNSON & CHISHOLM.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.

Commercial's special says: It is stated here, on what is considered good authority, that there is no immediate prospect of resumption of hostilities in the Valley, unless the rebels should re-organize and make another desperate attempt to gain possession of the key to the Valley. Important moves are in progress in the Middle Department. With Grant's army the situation is daily assuming importance. Most active preparations are in progress in military operations, and can't long be delayed. It is well known that Grant has been heavily reinforced, and will soon receive greater accessions to his command at a period not far histant, which have been asked by him for a grand move Richmondward. Admiral Porter has all his arrangements nearly completed for an attack on the fortifications at the mouth of Cape Fear river.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.

The Navy Department has information that the *Florida* arrived at Santa Cruse de Teherriffe, on the 3rd of August, and obtained a full supply of coal and provisions, and left, after staying twenly-four hours. She discharged one of her officers, who is an invalid, and one of her men, a New Yorker, who said he was the only American in her crew.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26th.

The *Herald's* correspondent with Sheridan on the 25th, says: Our men are enjoying a respite after the late battle. Our position is nearly the same as before the battle, with the exception of having made a lodgement on the left of the summit of Massanutlen mountain. The following is an official report of what we captured on the 19th: Twelve hundred prisoners of the rank and file; 64 commissioned officers; forty-eight pieces of artillery, forty caissons, three battery wagons, three hundred and ninety-eight horses and mules with harness complete, sixty-five ambulances, fifty army wagons, fifteen thousand rounds of artillery ammunition, fifteen hundred and eight small arms, all the medical stores of the enemy, a large quantity of small arms ammunition, and a large number of battle flags.

A letter from the President was read to the army thanking Sheridan and his brave army for the month's operations in the valley, and especially for the splendid work of the 19th.

Our losses on the 19th, though not officially reported, will sum up about as follows: The army of West Virginia, 60 killed, 1200 wounded, and 100 prisoners: Total, 1,700. In the 6th corps, 300 killed, 1,900 wounded, and fifty missing: Total, 1,350. In Col. Kitching's division, 20 killed, 150 wounded, and 56 missing: Total, 226. Grand total, 4086.

Another correspondent says: Col. Nichols with the 9th N. Y. cavalry, made a reconnoissance yesterday up the pike as far as Mowrytown, capturing two or three rebel scouts on the way. By them as well as citizens, he was informed that Ross's division of rebel cavalry was at Mount Jackson, and the remnants of Early's and Longstreet's corps had gone to Richmond to be reorganized, armed and equipped. Only a small portion of the rebels who escaped from us at Cedar Creek saved their arms; and out of the formidable batteries with which Early hoped to blow us out of the valley, but one piece remained.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.

Tribune's special says that the military commission, of which Gen. Doubleday is President, was ordered to suspend the trial of the blockade traders to-day, and proceed to Baltimore forthwith to investigate and try a recently discovered case of a most astounding fraud and forgery connected with the New York State soldiers' votes. The charges are, in brief, substituting McClellan for Lincoln votes in original envelopes submitted by soldiers and forging names thereto. One box over three feet lung, containing many thousands of these fraudulent votes, has been seized and others are known to have been sent to New York. The developments in this case promise to be of the most startling character.

Richmond papers of the 24th, contain the proceedings of the Convention held at Augusta, Ga., on the 17th inst., between the Governors of Va., N. C., S. C., Ala., and Miss., for consultation, when the state of the Southern Confederacy was thought generally to be in *articulet Morlis*, at this juncture convened. The Governors, after a free interchange of opinions, resolved, in substance, that there is no cause for them to be discouraged, but it is imperative to increase their armies immediately; to recommend that the Legislatures repeal all laws prohibiting the sending of troops outside of State limits; to urge the Confederate authorities to conscript every man engaged in the various departments whose place can be supplied by disabled officers and soldiers, or negroes; to recommend legislative enactments for the first deserters; to make it imperative that negroes be removed from the frontiers where they are exposed to the Union armies. That the course of the U. S. Government in appropriating slaves for purposes of war demands a change in policy on their part, and recommends the Confederate authorities, under proper regulations, to appropriate such part of them (the negroes) to public service as may be required; that the Confederate Congress had removed all restriction on commerce between individual States. The Governors closed with the usual flummery about maintaining the rights of sovereign States, achieving their independence, etc.

MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 31, 1864.

A Horrid Assassination.

On Friday last we noticed the arrest the day preceding, of Frederick Jones, Private of Co. G, 3rd Inf'y, C. V., charged with having commited an unmentionable outrage on the person of a little son of Chas. Monk, a citizen. On being informed of the charge, General Connor promptly turned the offender over to the civil authorities to be dealt with according to law. On Friday Judge Clinton examined the case, and in rendering his decision stated that the evidence convinced him that the defendant was guilty of the charge, but *that as there was no Statutory law* on the subject in Utah, he was constrained to discharge the prisoner. The decision was rendered about two o'clock in the afternoon and Jones turned loose. He passed out of the Court House and went eastward toward Camp. From that time till about seven o'clock in the evening he was not seen by any person as far as we have been able to ascertain. At the hour last named it being quite dark, four pistol shots in rapid succession were heard near the S. E. corner of 1st South and 2nd East Temple street. Two little boys, near by, who saw the flash of the pistol, and Mr. Edwin Woolley, ran up, heard the retreating steps of the assassin, and found the soldier, Private Jones, dead and weltering in his blood.

The Provost Marshal, together with the police, took charge of the body, and Saturday morning a Coroner's Inquest was held. It was found that deceased had been shot twice *in the back*, one ball penetrating below the left shoulder, the other in the back of the head. He had died instantly without uttering a word. The Editor of this paper, at the request of the Dist. Attorney and Judge Clinton, prosecuted the case both before the Coroner and at the subsequent examination before the Police Judge. Immediately after the murder, the suspicion of the crime rested naturally upon the man Monk as the only known person having sufficient motive to commit the crime. At the suggestion of the Provost Marshal, a policeman and a Corporal of the Guard were sent to the house of the suspected person to make examination and arrest him. Monk was not at home, but his absence was accounted for satisfactorily and the arrest made an hour or two later. In the afternoon a close and critical examination was had before Judge Clinton. The Editor of this paper, in behalf of the commonwealth and the soldier, prosecuted the case. But the investigation clearly proved that there was no other ground for suspecting the defendant (Monk) save and except that he was presumed to have had a motive for revenge. The witnesses examined accounted for the absence of Monk from his house, and to all intents and purposes established an *alibi*. Under these circumstances Monk was discharged, there being no evidence to warrant his being held to answer. We have been thus explicit in this matter, as many incorrect statements are afloat, and this statement is due to all concerned. Taken all in all, it is a most mysterious and dastardly assassination, and it is to be hoped that the measures now on foot will be successful in bringing the guilty to punishment.

☞ Mrs. Grünwald in the performance at our Theater on Saturday, more than achieved a triumph. Her singing is beautiful. We regret that so slim a house rewarded their efforts, but we hope to see them located in a good comfortable Hall this winter, where their talent and vocal powers may be appreciated by the lovers of opera and worthy performers.

☞ The Gymnastic Club will give another and a farewell performance at our Theater to-night, when the celebrated vaulter and tumbler Mr. I. C. Hoover will receive a benefit. We are not exaggerating when we say that the feats of this troupe cannot be beaten on the Pacific coast. The seats are nearly all taken.

☞ Mr. Ransohoff & Co.'s new store is among the finest in town—and a better assortment of goods we never saw. Gilbert & Sons are selling "heaps" of goods—this they always do—Ellis & Bro. are following suit. By the way, another immense train is to arrive shortly for Bodinbang & Hahn, when they intend to compete with their brother merchants, both in assortment and prices.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE UNION DAILY VEDETTE.]

New York, Oct. 26th.

Post's special says it is rumored that Mosby's gang made a raid on Martinsburg, Va., last night, capturing Gen. Duffie and staff.

New York, Oct. 27th.

The Richmond papers claim as their captures 19,000 Union soldiers.

The Tribune's correspondent with Butler on the 24th, says in connection with the action of the rebel Governors plainly indicating that their slaves are to aid them in their desperate straits, it may not be inopportune to state this important fact, namely: their army confronting us before Richmond and Petersburg, is now known to be reduced to not exceeding 35,000 men all told. Jeff. Davis, Lee, Longstreet, and other distinguished rebels, yesterday rode along the lines in our front, and then went back to Richmond, and deserters say, sadder if not wiser men.

The rebel rams crept down the river last night under cover of darkness to their late position, and then hurried away again at dawn this morning.

Richmond Dispatch of the 24th, says: Early on Saturday morning our gunboats lying at anchor in Graveyard Bend below Chapin's Bluff, were opened upon by a Yankee battery newly erected on Signal Hill on the north flank. A mile distant further down the river, one of the first of the enemy's shells exploded on the deck of the little steamer Drury, near her foregun, wounding two men severely. The Drury weighed anchor and got out of range as quickly as possible. The iron ram Fredericksburg, was struck several times, but suffered little injury. The greatest damage done aboard of her was by one of the Yankee shells which exploded immediately over her grating, wounding six men, four very slightly, and two severely. It is said the Richmond had come in for her share of the fire, and had her smoke stack knocked into a cocked hat. The enemy kept up the fire for an hour.

Halifax, Oct. 27th.

The Canada from Liverpool the 15th, and Queenstown the 16th, has arrived: A spanish steamer, name unknown, from Antwerp, came to anchor off Shoreham, Sussex county on the 11th of October, in charge of officers of the United States frigate Niagara, which vessel had seized her on suspicion of having a cargo to run the blockade. The Niagara was in company with the steamer at Shoreham. The steamer Sacramento was also off New Haven on the 12th, proceeding down the channel.

The owner of the blockade runner Laurel, publishes a letter denying the statement that Semmes had sailed in his new vessel as stated, and ridiculing the idea that the little steamer Ranger, of less than 100 tons, is to be manned and armed from the steamer Laurel and converted into a rebel cruiser.

It is reported from Africa, that Jules Gerard the explorer, was drowned while crossing a river.

Coburn, accompanied by his friends, personally demanded from the stakeholder the stakes for the intended fight, on the ground that he was at the place fixed for the fight, while Mace failed to appear. The stake-holder explained that Coburn could have no claim, owing to the non-fulfilment of conditions as to a referee, and unless some mutual agreement could be come to, the affair was a draw. Coburn expressed his wish to fight, but only in Ireland, or failing in that, then in Canada.

The engagements between the French troops and Arabian insurgents in Algeria on the 29th and 30th of September, resulted in 800 Arabs being killed, and wounded, and over 100 French soldiers.

The captured Spanish steamer was stopped on the 10th, off the Isle of Wight by the steamer Niagara and Sacramento, who brought her up and anchored her off the coast until the night of the 12th inst., when the vessel was released and proceeded to her destination, which is reported to be Matamoras.

The rebel cruiser Florida, was spoken September 2d, in latitude 44 north, and longitutde 24 west.

A material reduction in the British army is reported for next year.

Advices from Batavia announces that the Dutch were engaged in a war with the natives in Java.

The London Times of to day, has an editorial favoring the proposed Confederation of the British American provinces on account of the powerful military state in which the American Union has become.

It appears there is some probability of the present Danish line of Kings being changed by the pending peace negotiations. Prince Frederick, of Hesse, would be heir to the throne, and not Christian IX.

St. Louis, Oct. 27th.

Dispatches in the border papers, say that a train from Fort Smith was attacked by bushwhackers south of Fort Scott. Sixteen men were killed, and a part of the train burned. About 1,500 refugees accompanied the train.

About 100 guerrillas under Captain Taylor, entered Marmatons, a few miles from Fort Scott, at 12 o'clock on Saturday night, and murdered Cols. Knowles, Brown, Hawkins, McGargle, Shodrick and Stout, *en route* to the north.

The Federal loss in the battle on the 23d, was 75. The rebels were chased all Sunday night, and constant fighting with their rear was kept up. At daylight they made a stand and were handsomely whipped again.

Most of the Kansas militia have gone home, martial law abolished, and business is again resumed.

Five hundred rebels under Lieut.-Col. McDaniels, crossed the Hannibal and St Joseph railroad, near Buckton, on Monday, going north. A strong force was sent after them.

Advices from the upper Missouri, say that Gen. Sully has gone into winter quarters at Fort Sully.

The Winnebago Indians are in a starving condition.

Our forces have been driving Price rapidly since Sunday, and at last accounts he was twenty-five or thirty miles south of Fort Scott with his army routed and dispersed. Tuesday we had a fight with him between Mound City and Fort Scott, in which he was badly whipped, losing 150 prisoners and ten or twelve pieces of artillery. Among the prisoners were Major-General Marmaduke, Gen. Cabell, several Colonels and other officers. He was again attacked yesterday morning a short distance from Fort Scott, and driven pell mell in a southern direction. He burned 200 wagons yesterday to prevent their being captured. Nothing is stated about the loss of either side. There seems to be no doubt but that Price's army is completely demoralized and scattered. The telegraph works to Fort Scott, but nothing is received of to-days' operations except that our forces still pursue Price. Gen. Steele with heavy reinforcements, is at Fort Smith with the probable view of contesting Price's entrance into Arkansas.

Washington, Oct. 27th.

It is understood here that Admiral Porter will sail for the rendezvous of his fleet at Beaufort, N. C., as soon as the Montauk arrives from Fortress Monroe, which will be this week. The other vessels of his squadron, already have either arrived, or are on the way, and an attack may be expected next week. It is believed that arrangements are so perfect that the reduction of the batteries at the mouth of Cape Fear river will be accomplished in a few hours.

The New York State Agent in this city was arrested to-day, and his office closed.

New York, Oct. 27th.

Washington dispatch says it appears to be the rebel aim to take up a front in Northern or Central Alabama, covering Mongomery, Mobile, etc. This practically opens up Sherman's line of conquest clear to the Gulf.

Vermont citizens along the frontier, are organizing cavalry and infantry companies for protection against raiders. The Governor has secured from the War Department a supply of cavalry supplies, which will be distributed along the border.

Moses K. Ferry, of N. Y. State, Agent at Baltimore, who was arrested on the charge of forging soldiers' votes, has made a full confession. He admits the forging of a large number, and gives the names of parties who assisted him. Several prominent persons are said to be implicated, but their names are not given.

Quebec, Oct. 27th.

It is reported that the Conference has selected Ottawa for the Capital of the United Provinces, Toronto for the Capital of Upper Canada, and Quebec for Lower Canada.

Louisville, Oct. 27th.

Forrest is reported to be threatening Paducah with a large force. Our military circles are on the alert for its defence.

St. Louis, Oct 28th.

Dispatches from Pleasanton give the following information in regard to the operations against Price. He marched 92 miles in two days, and fought the last 32 miles. He has a force of less than 6,000, while Price's is fully 25,000. Price has but one gun left and no communication, having blown up his train; he also burned 400 wagons, to save them from capture. We have 2,000 prisoners and several thousand stand of arms, with Fagin reported as killed. Price's army is completely disorganized, and is fleeing in all direction.

New York, Oct. 28th.

Herald's Winchester correspondent of the 26th, says the enemy has still a very strong force in the Valley, which is reliably reported to be reorganizing. The enemy has a strong force of cavalry in Luray Valley. Under cover of the present stillness, movements are being made by the enemy of an eminently important character. At the time when the battle of the 19th took place, the enemy had stationed three brigades of cavalry near Mulford creek, in Luray Valley, and when the general rebel movement was made, this force advanced to Bucklin's ford on the Shenandoah river, and then to Front Royal, but in the movement they were met by Powell's division of cavalry and checked. When the rebels met with defeat, they retired to Milford and within the lines of their fortifications, there erected on a commanding position. For certain substantial military reasons a reconnoitering party, about 300 strong, was sent out, on the 24th, from Powell's division, in the neighborhood of Front Royal. The expedition was commanded by Major Gibson, who so gallantly distinguished himself in the Averil action at Moorfield, in July last. During the earlier hours of the morning of the 24th, Maj. Gibson moved his command across both branches of the Shenandoah river, and moving through Front Royal, passed on towards Milford and Luray Valley. Before daylight he came upon the enemy's pickets and drove them in, capturing one or two, and then passed rapidly on toward Mulford creek. On the way up he met the enemy in line of battle, with two pieces of artillery. Although his force did not exceed 300, he deployed it in line of battle, without a reserve, and charged them. The enemy, perhaps remembering our other astonishing cavalry operations, did nothing more than fire a volley and break. Gibson continued his pursuit as rapidly as it was possible for him to move forward in darkness. The enemy kept his artillery on the pike, and after firing one round limbered up and moved off to the rear. Owing to Gibson's inferior force, he could not flank the enemy and get at his artillery. But he kept cavalry to the right and left of the road to cover their getting off. In the general charge which Gibson first made he captured one battle flag. By continuing to press on, Gibson at length drove the enemy over the creek and on the line of the rebel fortifications, in which they sought refuge, and opened a rapid fire from carbines and the two pieces of artillery. In front of this barrier Gibson halted to feel the enemy's position, took a few prisoners, ascertained their strength and then retired, reaching a safe position in the direction of the Shenandoah before daylight. The enemy, finding at last that the bird had flown, set out after him at a trot, but did'nt succeed in overtaking him, as he succeeded in reaching the Union lines in safety, without heavy loss. The affair is looked upon as quite a brilliant cavalry dash. In the course of the reconnoissance and from prisoners information is gained of high importance to the interests of the army. Yesterday cannonading was heard. It appeared to be in the direction of Front Royal. It was probably another cavalry fight.

New York, Oct. 28th.

Orleans dates to the 22d are received. A bill had been introduced in the Louisiana Legislature for the loan of a million of dollars in order to enroll in the Louisiana militia, all persons (except rebel deserters) between the ages of 18 and 45 who are liable.

A member of the Alabama Legislature introduced a resolution offering conciliatory terms to the Federals, and demanding a cecessation of the war. It caused much discussion in the Legislature, which adjourned after refusing to accede to the Governor's call for aid to strengthen the defenses of the State.

New York, Oct. 28th.

Hayti dates of the 1st, says: Geffrard issued a Proclamation in which he says, that though three insurrections have broken out within the past four months, now all are quelled and order is completely restored.

New York, Oct. 28th.

The steamer North Star brought half a million of gold, and Panama dates of the 17th inst. Advices from Central America contain no news of interest. The first attempt to collect tonnage duty of 50 cents was resisted, and sailing papers were refused by the Panama officers. The Panama Railroad and Steamship Company's steamer applied for papers to the United States Consul, obtained them and went to sea. The authorities have taken no further steps in the matter.

Boston, Oct. 28th.

The Governor has appointed N. A. Farwell to fill the vacancy caused by the expulsion of Fessenden in the Senate.

New York, Oct. 28th.

The Tribune's Army of the Potomac special dated the 27th, says: This morning the entire army was in motion with six days' rations, etc., for any emergency. The move is on the left flank, and on the extreme left Gregg's cavalry is swinging round towards the south side of the railroad.

The Herald's 5th corps special on the 25th, says: The enemy are largely massed opposite our left, and are making preparations to resist any attempt against the south side of the railroad.

The Richmond Examiner of the 23d says: Grant is now walled in by four lines of redoubts, redans and rifle-pits, with each interior line stronger than the one in front of it, and most of the artillery posted on the inner line. The same paper, referring to Hood's movements, says they are shrouded in mystery, and displays considerable anxiety.

The Atlanta Intelligencer calls for reinforcements to be gathered from all quarters for the deliverance of Georgia.

Washington, Oct. 28th.

Dispatches from Grant inform the Department that an advance in force for the purpose of a reconnoissance was made yesterday by Warren and Hancock. In the evening the enemy attacked Hancock, but was repulsed, and the purpose being accomplished the troops were withdrawn from the advanced position to which they had been pushed, to their line of former occupation. The telegrams of Grant are all the details received.

City Point, Oct. 27th—9 p. m.

I have just returned from the crossing of Boynton Plank Road with Hatcher's Creek. Our line now extends from its left to Armstrong's mill; thence by the south bank to Hatcher's Creek to the point above named. At every point the enemy were found entrenched. No attack was made during the day, further than to drive in his pickets and cavalry inside of their main work. Our casualties are light, probably less than 200 in killed, wounded and missing. The same is probable with the enemy. We captured seven loaded teams on their way from Stone's Creek, and from 75 to 100 prisoners. On our right, Butler extended round well towards the Yorktown road without finding any point ungnarded. We shall keep our troops out where they are until toward noon to-morrow, in hopes of inviting an attack.

Signed: GRANT.

City Point, Oct. 28th.

The attack on Gen. Hancock proves to be a decided success. He repulsed the enemy and retained his position, holding possession of the field till midnight, when he commenced withdrawing. Orders had been given for the withdrawal of the 2d corps before the attack was made. We lost no prisoners. Our captures for the day on the south side, foot up 910, and the rebel Gen. Dearing is reported killed.

Signed: GRANT.

Reports from Sherman's department to 6 o'clock this evening, indicate that the rebel army is again threatening Tennessee. There is no reason to doubt but that Sherman and Thomas will be found prepared for whatever movement may take place.

Reports from Missouri and Arkansas, concur in stating the defeat of Price with a heavy loss.

Signed: STANTON.

New York, Oct. 29th.

Richmond papers of Wednesday are received. Early issued an address to his soldiers on their late defeat by Sheridan, in which he tells them it was caused by their disgraceful propensity for plunder.

The Richmond Sentinel confirms the report that an arrangement had been completed by which the National Government will be allowed to feed its soldiers in rebel prisons, and the rebel government feed their men in our hands.

A message was sent to the Alabama Legislature by members, because they refused to make appropriations for the defense of the State; it was returned to them in a black envelope.

The militia of Alabama are virtually disbanded.

Senator Hill, of Alabama, has written a letter in which he reiterates Jeff Davis' assertion that the rebel have deserted, and that the rebel Gen. Archer is dead.

Wheeling, Oct. 28th.

The election throughout the State yesterday, passed off quietly. The entire Union ticket, it is believed, has been elected. Gov. A. J. Boreman, with no opposition, is re-elected. The returns show a heavy vote. Returns from six counties give Hubbard, the Union candidate for Congress, over 1200 majority. Legislature and local affairs largely Union.

St. Louis, Oct. 29th.

Latest accounts puts Price near Carthage [illegible] Missouri still pursuing, with our cavalry in hot pursuit. Gen. Pleasanton was slightly injured by a fall from his horse.

The steamer Belle, of St. Louis, was attacked by guerrillas while lying at Randolph, on Thursday night. Paymasters Butler and Smith, were killed and several of the crew of the boat were wounded.

Gen. Meredith at Paducah, Ky., received dispatches from Sherman on Wednesday that Forrest intended to attack that place yesterday. Scouts reported large numbers of rebels passing Dresden, Trenton, Lexington, Shady Grove and McLernorsville; all within 50 miles of Mayfield. A large amount of supplies are being accumulated at McLernorsville. The rebel Gen. Buford with eight regiments, three battalions and a battery of Dahlgreen guns, is at Shady Grove. Orders have been issued for concentrating their forces on the Tennessee line, preparatory to the marching on Paducah. Forrest, Chalmers and Buford, are in command. All business is suspended. Paducah goods are removed to a place of safety, and every preparation is made for an attack.

Baltimore, Oct. 29.

Gov. Bradford has just proclaimed the new Free State Constitution of Maryland. The vote was 30,174 in favor, and 29,799 against.

Head-Qu's. Army Potomac,
on the field, 27th, 9 p. m.

The long looked for advance of the armies operating against Richmond has at last taken place. Yesterday the final preparations were completed by the withdrawal of the greater part of the army of the Potomac from trenches, and massing it on the rear ready for the move. The first division of the 2nd corps held the entire line from the Appomattox on the right to some three miles west of the Weldon railroad on the left. All the baggage wagons, etc., were sent to the rear at City Point. At 2 o'clock this morning Hancock, with the 2d and 3rd divisions of his corps, moved along the Vaughn road running southward. After crossing Nathez run he found the rebels entrenched in newly made works. He at once charged them on the flank and drove them out and took 20 prisoners—mostly cavalry. The 5th corps took the Squirrel Level road and found the rebels posted at its junction with the Duncan road, which runs north from the Vaughn road to the Boynton road. From this they were driven by our skirmishers, with some loss, the 1st division having about 40 wounded. The 3rd division of this corps took the advance, and crossing Natchez run, connected with the 2nd corps. In the meantime Hancock advanced along a by road, driving the rebels before him, till he reached the Boynton plank road, where the column halted and formed in line of battle, the left reaching some distance west of the road and the right extending to a thick woods on the right. The 6th corps had also advanced through the woods two miles, but the left of the line failed to connect with the right of the 2nd corps. The rebels fell back when we advanced until the line reached Natchez again, when the rebels were found behind strong entrenchments. Brisk firing ensued without much loss on ither side. At about 4 o'clock, p. m., the rebels taking advantage of the break in our line between the 2nd and 5th corps, massed Anderson's division of Hill's corps, and charged the right wing of the corps, which gave way and fell back a short distance, but being reinforched charged and checked the advance of the rebels and captured a number of prisoners.

Our loss in the affair is not known, but is not believed to be heavy. A few minutes after the rebel cavalry, which had been cut off on the Boynton road, made an attack on Gregg's division directly in rear of the 2nd corps, and for a time, quite a sharp skirmish was kept up. Gregg finally drove them off. In a charge made on 2d corps, two guns were said to have been taken by rebels, but it is stated they were subsequently re-captured. Fighting continued on this point of line until after dark, when a heavy rain ended the fighting for the day.

The 9th corps occupied the right of the advance, but did not gain much ground. The object was to allow the left to get fairly around on the Boynton Plank Road before the right advanced. The colored division of the 9th corps had some skirmishing with the rebels, but nothing approaching a fight. They lost a few in wounded. Gregg's cavalry had a sharp fight with the rebels in the forenoon. When they attacked the rear of his column he charged and drove them back, capturing a number of prisoners, and eight or ten wagons loaded with supplies; also some horses, mules, etc. The troops which occupied the country over which we passed to-day, were Boteler's and Young's divisions of South Carolina and Georgia troops, with a part of Wilcox's brigade. Our left wing gained about 15 miles off country to-day, and is now in position to attack the enemy's works on the flank.

The number of prisoners taken yesterday is about 300.

Knoxville, Oct. 29th.

General Gillam had a fight yesterday with Vaughn's command at Norristown, completely routing him, and capturing 167 prisoners, including one Colonel and fifteen other officers, six guns, prisoners and his artillery.

GRAND

EXHIBITION!!

BENEFIT OF

MR. I. C. HOOVER.

THE CAMP DOUGLAS

GYMNASTIC CLUB,

will give another Exhibition at the

Camp Theater,

—ON—

This (Monday) Ev'ng, Oct. 31, '64.

On which occasion Mr. I. C. Hoover takes a Benefit.

The performance will consist of feats gymnastic on the Horizontal and Parallel Bars, Cord Volant and Trapez; together with Tumbling, Contortion, Groupings, Pyramids, Tableaux, Songs, Dances, etc., forming both a varied and attractive programme, which cannot fail to please all who attend.

Prices of Admission,.....50 cents.

☞ Front Seats Reserved for Ladies. ☜

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

MAY FLOWER SALOON.

J. KEAN & CO., Prop'rs.

Three doors south of Scott, Kerr & Co.'s Banking House.

THE above Saloon having been newly fitted up by the present proprietors, is constantly supplied with the

Finest Wines, Liquors and Havana Cigars.

The only place in the City where

Kangaroo Cocktails, Equinoctial Punches and Botany Bay Tom and Jerry's are served in style.

Call and see the Orphan Boy. o19tf

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.

This is the FIRST and OLDEST established House in

SALT LAKE CITY.

If you wish the BEST DRINK, cold or hot, call at this house.

If you wish the BEST COCKTAIL, call at this house.

If you wish to smoke the BEST CIGAR, call at this house.

If you wish to read the LATEST NEWS, call at this house.

If you wish to be TREATED LIKE A GENTLEMAN, call at this house.

A GOOD FIRE

always kept at this House; also, a fine

OYSTER AND LUNCH ROOM,

where everybody can be served on the shortest notice by TONEY CONLY or MR. ANGELL.

Lunch Room open day and night, also on Sundays.

Saloon Hours from 4 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night. o25tf

CALIFORNIA HOTEL.

State Street, Salt Lake City,

One and a-half blocks south of Theater.

THE subscriber having leased, re-modeled and fitted up in good style the house of E. M. Cast, is now fully prepared to accommodate any number of guests with first class

Boarding and Lodging.

The table will be always supplied with the

Best the market affords.

☞ Pleasant rooms, clean and comfortable beds, etc.

H. HOPPY,
Proprietor.

o14tf

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

East Temple Street.....Salt Lake City.

THIS LARGE AND EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS BEEN open so long to the public, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to give it any recommendation, except that it has lately been re-modeled and re-fitted with extensive additions, has First Class accommodations, good, clean Beds, and Tables supplied with the

BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

In connection with the House is a BAR always furnished with the choicest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

s26tf F. LITTLE, Proprietor.

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to the Elite House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,
Provisions,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Stationery,
School Books,

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Hats,
Caps,
Boots,
Shoes,
Gloves,
Handk'fs,

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks,
Lawns,
Cambrics,
Calicoes,
Checks,
Chambrays,
Flannels,
Shawls,
Ribbons,
Laces,
Hose,

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Flesh Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Coarse and
Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of

Pomades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ *No Trouble to Show Goods.* ☜

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

o23tf GILBERT & SONS.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Beg leave to inform the public that they will soon open their

NEW STORE,

OPPOSITE THE

Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, out of the

Largest

And

Best

Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found.

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy, Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other Produce taken, for which the regular prices will be allowed.

o3tf N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

NEW STORE!! NEW STORE!!

ELLIS & BROTHERS

Have just received a full and complete assortment of

General Merchandise,

consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats,
Embroideries of all descriptions,
Cassimere and Berage Shawls,
Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes,
Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

Ready Made Clothing,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,
Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,
California blankets of varied shades,
Straw mattings, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

Rope of all sizes, Glass and Queensware, Stationery and Blank Books, Dye Stuffs, etc.,

All of which we offer for sale, wholesale and retail, at prices cheaper than the cheapest, taking as our motto

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

One of our firm residing in the market city, our facilities are such that we shall constantly be in receipt of new goods, which we will endeavor always to purchase with an eye open to the requirements and to the advantage of this community.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and we assure you that you will be satisfied.

Politeness, strict attention, and Accommodation to Customers, will always be the order of the day.

☞ All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods. ☜

*** Our place of business is on the west side of East Temple street, (Main street.)

o8-tf ELLIS & BROTHERS.

SCOTT, KERR & CO.,

BANKERS,

(*Successors of Powers, Newman & Co.*)

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,

(Godbe's old Drug Store,)

Receive Moneys on Deposit,
Buy Coin,
Gold Dust,
and Exchange.

Pay interest on Time Deposits, by special agreement, and transact a General Banking Business.

CORRESPONDENT:

METROPOLITAN BANK, N Y CITY.
DREXEL & CO., Phila., Pa.
SCOTT, KERR & CO, Leavenworth, Kansas. sept3-tf

BEN. HOLLADAY, New York. | W. L. HALSEY, S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.
Cash paid for Govern't Vouchers.
Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on
New York,
San Francisco, Cal.,
Virginia City, Idaho,
Denver City, Colorado,
Atchinson, Kansas,
Portland, Oregon and
Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale. my7tf

CITY RESTAURANT.

Main Street, (opposite U. S. Subsistence Store-house,) Salt Lake City.

The Subscribers having fitted up, in elegant style, the

NEW RESTAURANT,

And made it

NEAT AND COMPLETE

In all its apartments and arrangements, are determined so to keep it that those patronizing them will find no fault. The tables will always be supplied with the

Best the Market Affords.

s27tf ANTONIO & BAKER, Prop'rs.

[SPECIAL TO THE UNION DAILY VEDETTE.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 27th.

Richmond papers of Monday last have the following: It is said that Yankee deserters state that sixty vessels of all classes intended for the attack on Wilmington, are rendezvousing in the harbor of Beaufort, N. C.

Yankee raids to the towns of Woodville, Port Gibson, Ossika, and Skipwith Landing, Miss., are mentioned. Large numbers of beef cattle were secured. These are but a few of the series of successful and valuable expeditions from Vicksburg and vicinity, which General Dana has been for some time sending out.

Extensive rebel government wagon shops in Lynchburg, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night last.

Sheridan's magnificent victory of the 19th instant, was such a crusher to the rebels that Richmond editors are making desperate endeavors to believe it.

The *Enquirer* in alluding to the turning point in the battle says: One of the most brilliant victories of the war had been gained by our troops, but in an evil hour, when a portion of our men were plundering the property they had captured, a small force of Yankee cavalry opened on our left flank, when the plunderers took flight, and thus our whole army was thrown into a panic and fled in a disorganized condition. Still it argues that this defeat is only a temporary disaster, and no solid results are attained by it for Sheridan.

Disgraceful though it was for us, the rebel cavalry especially, are abused in strong terms for their conduct on the occasion. Ten thousand is given as the whole number of Early's army in the battle, and 30,000 as Sheridan's number.

NEW YORK, Oct 26th,

Capt. R. W. Smith, of the 2d Mass. cavalry, and formerly of San Francisco, was killed in the battle of Cedar Creek.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: The authorities of the British provinces have at length discovered that their secession friends are troublesome customers, and are now as desirous as our own Government to be rid of them. The utmost accord and all possible aid will be extended in bringing these breakers of international peace to punishment.

The yellow fever is said to be still raging at Newbern. Troops are not allowed to visit the city.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26th.

The *Commercial's* Nashville dispatch says: Sherman is at Gaylesville, near the Coosa river, pressing Hood who is retreating towards Gadsen. Hood will be compelled either to move north to Tennessee or south to Jacksonville. His army is reported to be destitute of shoes and food. The railroad from Chattanooga and Atlanta, was completed on Thursday.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.

A copy of Beauregard's address on assuming command of the army has just been received. He exhorts all who are capable of striking a blow to come forward at once, and offers amnesty to all deserters who return within sixty days. He promises if the people respond to this call as they have in days past, the enemy shall be driven from their soil.

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of [illegible], this day dissolved by mutual consent. Their business will be settled up by their successors, SCOTT, KEER & Co., at their old place of business.

[illegible] & CO.

S. L. City, Sept. 1st, 1864.

VEDETTE G. & S. M. COMPANY

WEST MOUNTAIN MINING DISTRICT, U. T.,
September 13th, 1864.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the second day of September, A. D., 1864; so much of the stock standing in the names of the following share-holders, as will be necessary to pay all [illegible] assessments thereon, together with the expenses of advertising and sale, unless previously paid. Will be sold at Auction at the Secretary's office in Salt Lake City on Monday the third day of October next, at 12 o'clock P. M.

NAMES.	SHARES	AM'T.
C B Waite	200	$100 00
Dan'l McLean	280	110 00
N E Eldred	200	110 00
W [illegible]ohn	200	110 00
Mrs D McLean	200	110 00
A L Bailey	200	110 00
Mrs G B Ogilvie	200	110 00
Mrs C B Waite	175	100 00
—— Titus	25	12 50
—— Williamson	25	12 50
Albert Sinclair	200	80 00
Arthur Heitz	175	75 00
Josiah Hosmer	100	40 00
Dan'l Sullivan	150	60 00
—— Appleby	25	10 00
Francis Honeyman	50	20 00
Adam Craft	150	30 00
Amy Frances	25	5 00
Absalom Harlick	25	5 00
J C Furguson	100	20 00

H. O. PRATT, Secretary.

The above sale is postponed to November Twelfth next. H. O. PRATT. Secretary.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 31, 1864.

EXCELSIOR GARDENS,

Twelfth Ward,.....Salt Lake City.

The Excelsior Gardens and Nursery is now open for the reception of visitors, and supplied with the choicest and finest

Fruits, Flowers and Plants.

Arrangements will be made by next Spring to provide superior accommodations for Picnic parties.

s3tf FRANK FOX, Proprietor.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING AND A FEW COMfortable beds, for a limited number, may be had at the residence of the undersigned, two blocks west of the Salt Lake House. Prices to suit the times.

1moct4 WM P. APPLEBY.

T. B. HELLER. E. F. SNYDER.

HELLER & SNYDER,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Second South Temple Street, two doors from East Temple Street, (west.)

WILL sell at public and private sale, at Ten o'clock every morning, Horses, Wagons, Merchandise, etc. Warehouse for Storage.

Wanted: Produce of all kinds. s19tf

CHANGE OF TIME.

A. J. OLIVER. | E. A. CONOVER. | ED. ROSSE

A. J. OLIVER & CO'S.,

Express Line.

Will leave Great Salt Lake City, Utah, for Virginia City, Montana, every Monday and Thursday over the new cut-off.

Nearest route by

70 Miles---Time---4 Days!

And actually ahead of any other line, twenty-four, to forty-eight hours.

Passengers allowed twenty-five pounds of Baggage in Treasure, or anything they choose to take.

Treasure shipped on the most reasonable terms, and by trustworthy messengers well known to the community at large.

STAGES FOR EAST BANNACK

Leave Virginia City on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

Time---Nine Hours.

T. D. BROWN, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 17th, 1864. s17tf

UNION LINE,

—FOR—

The Colorado River,

Connecting with Steamer

ESMERALDA and BARGES

Delivering Freight at all the principal places on the River.

No detention of Freight at the mouth of River.

Landing Freight and Passengers

—AT—

La Paz, Lower California.

The well known and fast sailing schooner

W. L. RICHARDSON,

GEORGE GOODRUM, Master,

With Through Bills of Lading,

Having a large portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will meet with dispatch, and take Freight and Passengers for the above points.

☞ Superior accommodations for passengers. Such an opportunity is seldom offered for parties seeking passage.

☞ For freight or passage, apply to the Capt. on board, Commercial Street Wharf, or to

WM. R. WADSWORTH & SON,

sep13-tf 402 Front Street, San Francisco.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 2d, 1864. s3tf

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

Large, Young, and Well Broke

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT,
BARLEY,
OATS.
FLOUR
OR HAY.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

[illegible] 1864 s3tf

THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE

Book, Card and Job

PRINTING OFFICE,

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TER.

THE PIONEER

DAILY NEWSPAPER

PRINTING OFFICE

—OF—

UTAH TERRITORY.

Having lately received a large and complete

Assortment of Job Type,

—AND—

Printing Material

We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

PLAIN, FANCY & ORNAMENTAL

PRINTING,

SUCH AS

POSTERS,

HAND BILLS,

BALL TICKETS,

LETTER HEADS,

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY-BILLS,

CIRCULARS,

CHECKS,

DRAFTS,

NOTES,

CARDS,

ETC., ETC.

And can successfully compete in price, style, and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and we guarantee satisfaction with every order.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

☞ Specimens of work may be seen at the "Daily Union Vedette," Printing Office, Camp Douglas.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying the

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.,

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS.

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.,

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1864. jy1tf

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchinson, Kansas, and Placerville California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchinson leave every day at 4 A. M.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE AND ATCHINSON,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via. East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, Idaho City, Idaho.

Time to Denver, ... Six days.

Time to Atchinson, ... Seven days.

jy2tf W. L. HALSEY, Agent.